



Statoil

Seaweed to biofuels – future perspectives by industry actor

Seaweed to Biofuel Work Shop 25-26 September 2012

Title: Seaweed to biofuels – future perspectives by industry actor

Name: Lars Ystanes and Marianne Waage Fougner

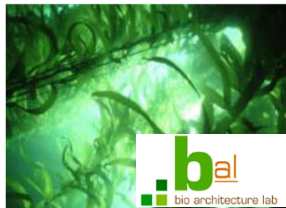
Statoil ASA

Statoil's R&D activities

Biofuel and biotechnology

- Biofuel

- Seaweed to ethanol project
- Participation in demonstration projects
- R&D activities on butanol and ethanol fermentation
- Evaluation of biorefinery concepts

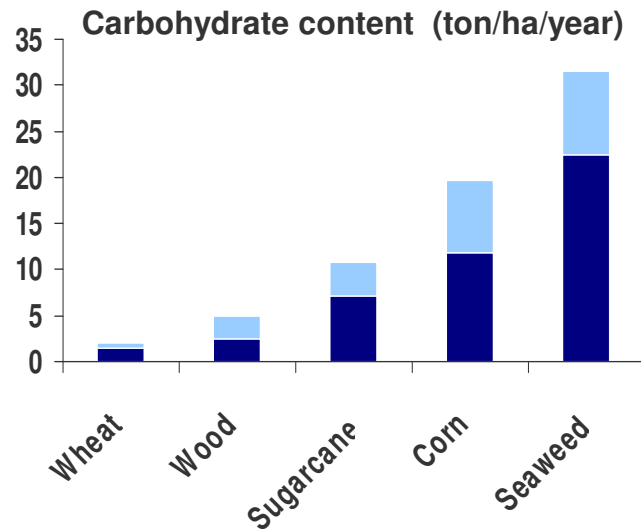


- Biotechnology

- Bio prospecting
- Designer organisms for Enhanced Oil Recovery



Seaweed – a promising feedstock for biofuels



Seaweed as feedstock:

- High sugar content and productivity
- Excellent growth condition in Norway
- Mitigate eutrophication
- Restore vegetation of seaweed
- **But – difficult to convert all the complex sugars in seaweed to ethanol**



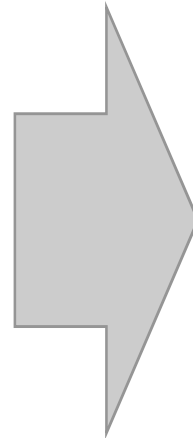
Good conditions for kelp farming in Norway

- Macro algae have high productivity
- Long coast with cold nutrient sea water provide optimal condition for large scale farming of macroalgae



From Statoil/SINTEF's growth

Tests 2009-2010



- Energy (biofuel)
- Marine proteins
- Fertilizer
- Alginate
- Integrated aquaculture
- Carbon storage

Statoil and BAL* has entered a Collaboration Agreement for development of a commercial concept for conversion of seaweed to ethanol

- Development of microbes for efficient fermentation of all sugar types in seaweed (BAL).
- Design basis for a conversion plant (BAL).
- A seaweed cultivation and harvesting concept (Statoil in collaboration with Seaweed Energy Solution)

Only **Bal** Technology Can Unlock the Full Potential of Seaweed to Make it an Economically Viable Feedstock



Sugar ~50% of Dry Weight

bal

OUR PLATFORM

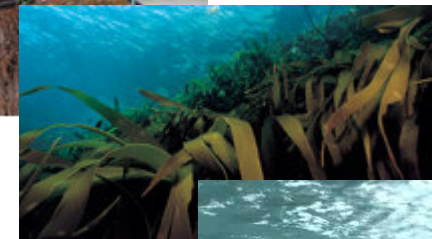
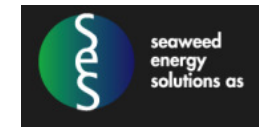
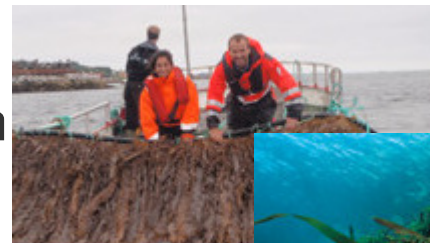
- Ability to metabolize **ALL** the sugars in seaweed
- The **ONLY** technology that can metabolize alginate, which is the most abundant sugar in seaweed
- Without alginate, seaweed is not an **ECONOMICALLY VIABLE** biomass

* - Bio Architecture Lab (BAL)* is company developing microorganisms for fermentation of seaweed. Statoil's venture capital company, Statoil has acquired 20% equity in BAL.

Statoil and SES has entered a Collaboration Agreement for development of a commercial concept for cultivation of seaweed

- SES is developing technology for:
- large scale seaweed cultivation
 - harvesting concepts

- Statoil will contribute to:
- development of SES technology
 - technical support
 - financial support



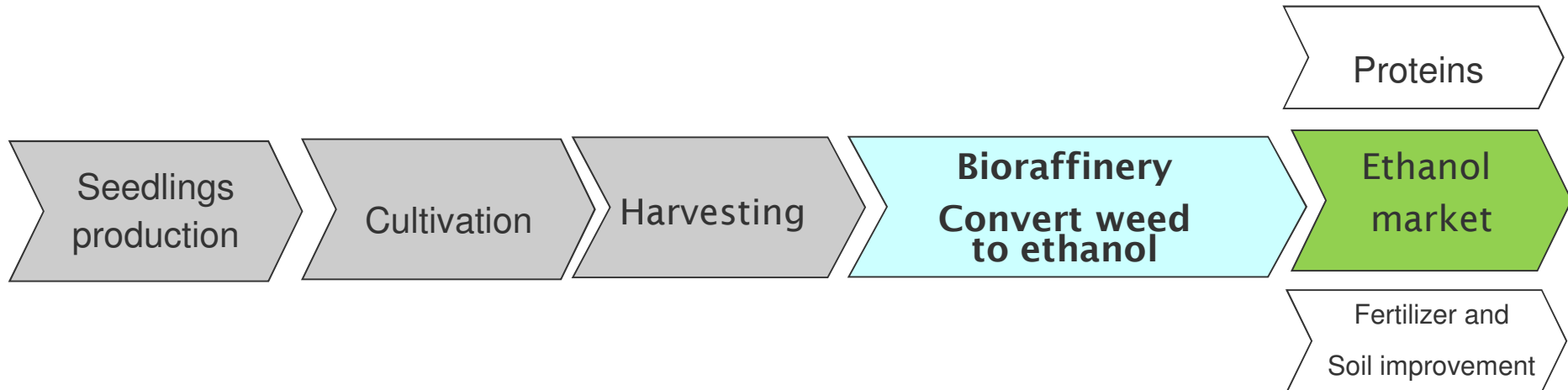
Statoil's macroalge to ethanol project, Partners in the pilot

Seaweed Energy Solution AS

Concept for cultivation and harvesting

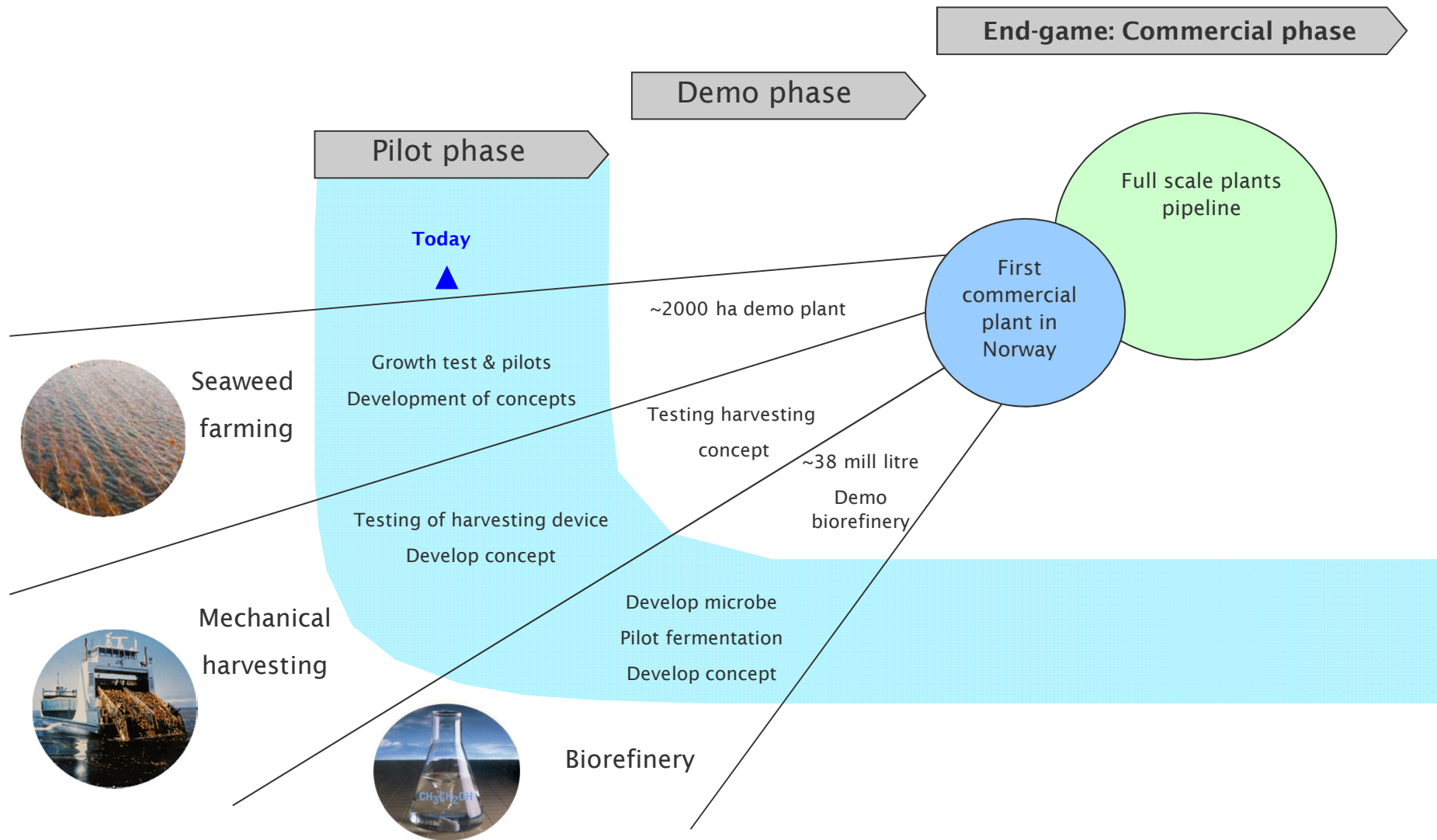


Bio Architecture Lab
Microbe and production technology



Seaweed to ethanol

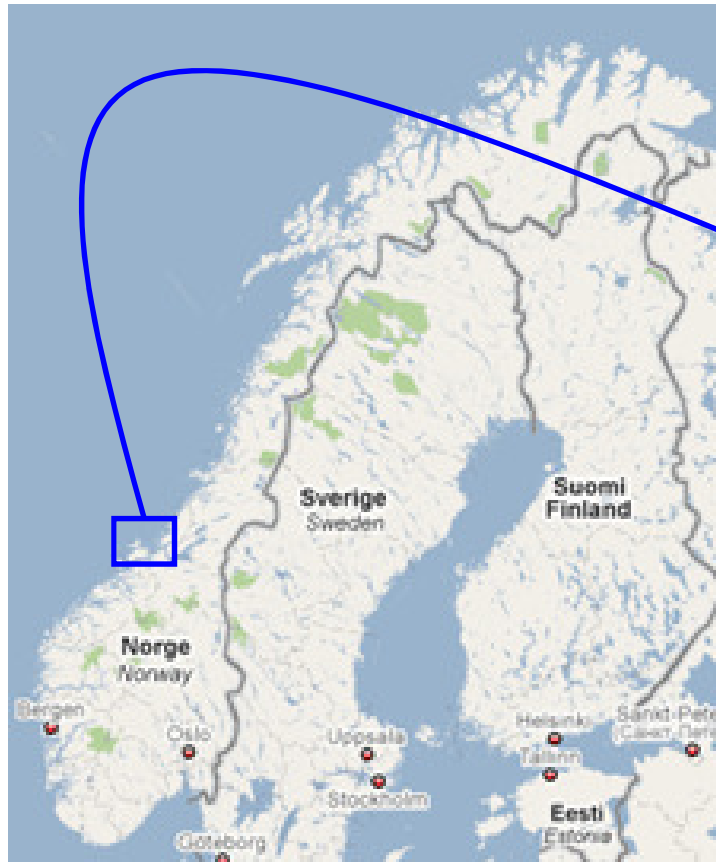
Stepwise approach towards commercialisation



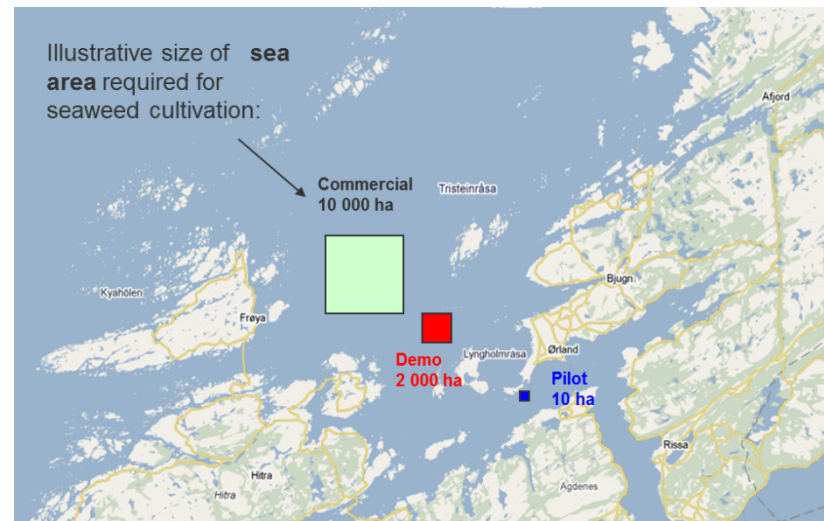
Challenges

- Farming and harvesting
 - Cost efficient mechanical solution
 - Large scale marine mono culture and available nutrients
 - Develop well suited kelp strains with high robustness, high crop potential and with sufficient sugar content (strain selection)
- Access to area
 - Site selection
 - Area planning / Public regulations (aquaculture act)
- Research & development
 - Financial support (e.g. development of demo plant)

Upscaled seaweed-to-ethanol requires access to marine areas close to onshore infrastructure



Sea area required for annual 200.000 tonnes of ethanol (2% of EU's ethanol marked)



There's never been a better
time for **good ideas**



Presentation title

Presenters name

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E-mail address@statoil.com

Tel: +4700000000

www.statoil.com